WILDFLOWER SEED MIXTURE CATALOGUE 2022



Contact:

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NORTH DOWNS

Rewild with this diverse wildflower meadow mixture containing 100% native species grown and harvested from fields across the North Downs.

Add this mix to our smooth stalk meadow grasses and fescues (at a ratio of 20/80 wildflower seeds to grasses) to create a native wildflower meadow mixture.

- sanfoin
- salad burnet
- selfheal
- St. John's wort
- musk mallow
- wild carrot
- wild marjoram
- yarrow
- yellow rattle
- red clover
- ribwort plantain
- oxeye daisy
- cowslip
- kidney vetch

- agrimony common
- bird's foot trefoil
- black medick
- meadow buttercup
- common knapweed
- common sorrel
- lady's bedstraw
- corn poppy
- field scabious

Contents of all mixtures may change depending on availability after each new harvest.

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POLLINATOR MIX

Attract bees and butterflies with this colourful 100% native wildflower seed mixture which supports pollinators at their busiest time of year.

- yarrow
- kidney vetch
- oxeye daisy
- ribwort plantain
- clustered bellflower
- nettle-leaved bellflower
- common knapweed
- greater knapweed
- wild carrot
- red clover
- common toadflax
- bird's foot trefoil
- small scabious
- viper's bugloss
- betony
- hedge woundwort
- lady's bedstraw



- meadow cranesbill
- devilsbit scabious
- · dark mullein
- tufted vetch
- common St. John's wort
- field scabious
- meadow vetchling
- purple loosestrife
- wild marjoram
- self heal
- yellow rattle

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CORNFIELD COLOURS

Create a vibrant micro-meadow in your garden or borders, or rewild an entire meadow with this 100% native mixture of delicate wildflowers commonly found in British cornfields.

- corncockle
- scented mayweed
- corn chamomile
- field forget-me-not
- cornflower
- corn poppy
- corn marigold
- opium poppy
- wild mustard
- night-flowering catchfly
- field pansy



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INDIVIDUAL SPECIES

Select from our current stock of individual species to enhance our standard mixes or create a unique mix tailored to your requirements.



Corn Poppy

Flowering from June to August, the familiar saucer-shaped blooms of the scarlet corn poppy bring a riot of colour to any wildflower mix.



Cowslip

Producing bright yellow, bell-shaped flowers enclosed in a green tubed casing, cowslips flower April to May and are traditionally found in hay meadows.



Oxeye Daisy

With large white blooms which appear between July and September, oxeye daisies are one of the best wildflower species for pollinators.



Wild Carrot

With a dense umbel of white feathery flowers seen from June to September, wild carrot is often found growing on grasslands and along roadsides.



Yellow Rattle

Flowering with yellow tube-like flowers from May to September, yellow rattle is semiparasitic and helpful in establishing new wildflower meadows.



Lady's Bedstraw

Appearing in dense clusters, the frothy yellow blossoms of lady's bedstraw give off a sweet honey scent and carpet meadows from June to September.



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SOWING RECOMMENDATIONS

The biggest challenge to the establishment of all wildflower seeds is dominant grass species. Because of this, it's important to prepare the soil and remove any traces of vegetation before sowing your wildflower seeds.

Do not cultivate the ground too heavily as this can uncover dormant grass and weed seeds which will then germinate with your wildflowers and provide unwanted competition. Wildflowers thrive in poorer soil conditions so do not add fertiliser or compost to the area prior to sowing.

If possible, rake over the area on which you intend to sow and leave for a few weeks to see if any dormant seeds germinate. Remove any growth and then sow your wildflower seeds.

SUGGESTED SOWING RATE

We recommend sowing our mixtures at a rate of 1.5 grams per square metre. For more densely populated growth this can be increased to 4 grams per square metre.

To encourage even distribution when scattering, wildflower seeds can be mixed with dry sand, sawdust, or flour at a weight ratio of 1:4 (seed to spreader).



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FACTORS WHICH AFFECT SUCCESSFUL GERMINATION

If the following conditions are met, most wildflower seeds can be sown from April to September.

Competition: ensure the ground is free from docks, thistles, nettles, and dormant grass seeds.

Temperature: the ground temperature should be above 12 degrees.

Moisture: dampen the soil before sowing and maintain soil moisture until the plants have established.

Soil contact: rake over the area prior to planting and cover the seeds with a sprinkling of fine soil after sowing.

Sowing depth: ensure the seeds are sitting just below the surface of the soil.

Some wildflowers are more dominant than others and some are more sensitive to factors such as soil fertility and competition.

The level of shade, sunshine, annual rainfall and interference from insects and animals can also affect germination. For this reason, the composition of our own mixtures will vary year on year.



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REWILD WITH KENT WILDFLOWER SEEDS

Supplying a huge range of UK native wildflower species for ornamental planting, conservation rewilding projects, and agricultural use, our wildflower seed mixtures are designed with nature and the environment in mind.

Species are selected to provide a wide range of food and shelter for insects and wildlife, including butterflies, bees, and birds. For larger rewilding projects consider our range of wildflower meadow mixes containing both wildflowers and wild grasses.

Please contact Fred Denne to discuss your requirements.

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